

The Brandon Mail.

VOL. 5.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1888.

No. 48.

GRAND GIFT SALE.

PAISLEY, MILLER & CARSCADEN.

500 Prizes to be Given Away with each Cash Purchase of \$5.00 (Groceries excepted).

LOOK AT SOME OF THE VALUABLE PRIZES :

Gent's Fur Coat, - - - - -	value \$50 00	Lady's Mantle, - - - - -	value, \$35 00
Gentleman's Fine Suit of Clothes, - - - - -	" 20 00	South Sea Seal Can., - - - - -	" 18 00
Lady's Fur Sett, - - - - -	" 35 00	Gent's Fine Overcoat, - - - - -	" 17 00
Ladies' Silk Dresses, value \$15 00.			

Ladies' Cashmere Dresses and Persian Lamb Caps and Muffs, Opera Glasses, Fur Gauntlets, Kid Gloves, valuable Plush Setts, Solid Silver Bracelets, Kid Boots, Albums, Watches, Jewel Cases, and hundreds of articles too numerous to give a complete list, ranging in value from 15c to \$50.

Our Stock is the largest and cheapest in this western country and all marked in plain figures. We sell these goods at our regular prices, and with each \$5.00 purchase the purchaser draws a ticket which entitles him to the prize bearing the duplicate ticket.

Every ticket secures a prize. This is the season of the year when presents are given away, and such a grand opportunity will not be afforded citizens of the west for some time. We are doing this to advertise our business more extensively.

The Sale commences at once, and will continue until the evening of the 15th January, when the Prizes will be distributed.

The scheme of distribution is one in which no possible advantage can be taken, a duplicate being left at the "Sun" office to avoid any misunderstanding.

Every \$5.00 purchase secures a ticket and prize. Orders by mail promptly attended to, for which an outside party will make a drawing if desired.

DON'T MISS THIS CHANCE.

PAISLEY, MILLER & CARSCADEN, BRANDON.

ICH-BAN!

Look out for the OPENING of the

JAPANESE STORE

Two doors east of Dr. Fleming's Drug Store

NEXT WEEK.

MEDICAL.

DR. SPENCER.

(M.D., C.M., Univ. McGill, Montreal.)

Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Quebec and Manitoba.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE.

TENTH ST., NEXT THE SCHOOL HOUSE, BRANDON.

DR. L. M. MORE.

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR

Member College of Physicians and Surgeons Ontario and Manitoba.

Office over Dr. Fleming's Drug Store. Residence, 4th Street. Telephone connection.

DENTAL.

S. W. MINNES, D.D.S.

Graduated Philadelphia Dental College.

Successor to F. E. DOERING, DENTIST.

Office, Corner 10th Street and Rosser Avenue.

Gas for Painless Extraction of Teeth.

Tooth inserted without plates. Office always open.

John Dickson, D.D.S.

DENTIST.

Over FLEMING'S DRUG STORE.

FRANKLIN ON ROSSEY AVENUE.

ANESTHETICS ADMINISTERED FOR PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH

LEGAL.

HENDERSON & HENDERSON.

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.

Rosser Avenue, Brandon.

Money to loan on improved farm property.

F. G. A. Henderson, H. E. Henderson.

Auction Sale!

—AT THE—

BRANDON REPOSITORY,

Wednesday, JAN. 16, 1889.

31 Horses, Horned Stock, Pigs,

Poultry, Rolling Stock and

Implements of every

description.

These sales take place only on the third Wednesday of every month.

Some of the best Farms in the neighborhood

for Sale, cheap, and on reasonable terms.

CHAS. PILLING, Auctioneer.

STRAY CALF.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, about

first week November, a spotted calf with red neck.

Owner will please pay expenses and take him away.

THOS. PHILLIPS.

169-171 Brandon.

GO TO CHUBB'S

Occidental Restaurant!

HEADQUARTERS

FOR GOOD

OYSTERS.

We are the sole agents of this district for Geo. F. Phelps's celebrated Baltimore Oyster, and can and do defy competition in Quality and Price. Wholesale and Retail.

PIPES.

Our Line of Pipes is now complete, and we will be found to have the largest stock west of Winnipeg. 20 per cent. lower than the usual prices asked in the city.

TOBACCOES.

In Tobaccos we have all the leading brands in Chewing and Smoking, Cut and Plug. 20 per cent. discount on all purchases of one dollar and over.

CIGARS.

We have the largest and best stock of Domestic and Imported Cigars in the City, and in which we will not be undersold.

Confectionery, Candies, Fruit, Meats and Orsters.

Served in the best style. Everything Fresh.

P.S.—TO THE LADIES—We have the only Ladies' Oyster Parlor in the City with a private entrance from the front street.

—GIVE US A CALL—

MRS. E. CHUBB,

Occidental Restaurant.
10th Street, South Fraser's.

The Indian School at Birtle.

The Birtle Observer gives the following graphic description of the school at Birtle for the training and educating of Indian children: "Noticing Mr. McLaren, principal of the Birtle mission school, at church on Sunday, accompanied by his dusky band of pupils, and being pleased at the decorum of the children, we walked over to the school on Monday to examine the establishment and see the manner in which the institution is conducted. The large stone building has three flats connected by an outside stair, quite roomy and properly enclosed and lighted by windows. On the ground floor there is a large playroom occupying one half of the building; on the other side is a well arranged pantry and commodious dining hall and kitchen, the two last in one room. The utmost cleanliness and good order prevails in all portions of the establishment. In an outside apartment we noticed a considerable quantity of excellent beef in quarters preserved in a frozen condition. On the second floor is the school room and reception room. On a table is a book in which visitors are required to record their names. On a third floor are the dormitories, and the large apartment divided by a hall, the whole scrupulously clean. The establishment is warmed, in all its parts, by hot air, generated in a large furnace in the basement. The institution is supported by the Presbyterian Foreign Mission Fund and by the Women's Presbyterian Mission Association. The association supplies large quantities of clothing, a number of bales having recently been received from Guelph. A box of clothing has also been sent from Rapid City. Mr. and Mrs. Markle, of the Indian Agency here have also given much encouragement and assistance. Miss McLaren sister of the principal, and Miss Callin, a young lady of some experience, attend to the domestic arrangements with much energy and success and leave no portion of their duty unperformed.

Under the careful and skillful management of Mr. McLaren the interesting children of the wilderness are making excellent progress and can already read and figure with considerable correctness, although not very fast, but seeing that the pupils have been only about six weeks at school it is wonderful that they can do so well. No better proof could be afforded of the ability of Indian children to learn. The pupils have one peculiarity; when a mistake happens to be made much amusement is afforded for a moment, but the smile is by no means a laugh of derision, but seems like an overflow of happiness and contentment united with a seeming confidence that the little difficulty will be quickly overcome. Some of the elder girls have been instructed before and can read the Testament in the Sioux language quite fluently. Those copper-colored young ladies have an idea of style and have their hair banged in the most fashionable manner.

Although in its infancy the school gives promise of being a most successful institution as the task of educating and enlightening the children of the Indians of this country is a work of the most Christian character and of the greatest usefulness and all will be gratified. Those interested in the welfare of the school have been fortunate in selecting Mr. McLaren as principal, for his earnestness, patience, gravity and industry cannot fail to insure success in the important work in which he is engaged.

It is amusing to see the little girls and boys, whose lives have been spent either in the open air or in a tent or a shanty in the woods, overcome the difficulty of ascending a stair. If any one thinks that they are afraid of the curbstones, they are mistaken. The agile creatures take three or four steps at a bound when going up, and generally come down in the same way and at a speed and with an abandon that would put a careful mother out of her senses in a short time.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The House committee on the fisheries to-day began the investigation regarding the alleged outrage at Alaska. Wm. Gavill special treasury agent, said the Alaska company's agents at St. George's Island respect neither the laws of God nor man. They furnish liquor to prostitutes in an underhand manner. He said the whole island was a place of prostitution from end to end. An agent of the company had declared that he would break a man's head if he refused to bring his (this man's) wife to him. He further stated he would rather serve a term in penitentiary than go through again what he and his wife had experienced on the island.

TORONTO, Dec. 18.—A dispatch from Detroit says Dr. Alfred E. Ecrody, a Torontoman was last evening found dead in front of his house, stretched out on the sidewalk. Investigation showed that he had been sandbagged or struck with a blunt instrument on the back of the head.

LITCHFIELD, Ills., Dec. 20.—Some miscreant threw a dynamite bomb into the cupola of the Litchfield Car and machine Co's foundry to-day. The missile exploded, tearing the cupola to pieces and seriously injuring two of the employees.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 20.—Samuel Miller, aged 98, and Anna Hagan, aged 71, were married at Jeffersonville this morning. Miller has twelve children but does not know where one of them is.

ROLLA, Dak., Dec. 18.—A company of soldiers ordered here by the Government from Fort Totten arrived at noon yesterday. For a month past there have been several hundred halfbreeds from Manitoba on the Turtle Mountain reservation, and during the past week they have been helping themselves to the government rations, the officers being powerless to prevent them. The troops will assist Agent Brenner in driving the foreign halfbreeds into their own territory.

THE

GOLDEN LION.



THE

GOLDEN LION.

CLOTHING HEADQUART'RS

20 Cents off Every Dollar 20

FOR 30 DAYS.

Owing to the mildness of the weather and the extensive stock of winter clothing and overcoats (with and without fur trimmings) which we have on hand we have decided to clear out the entire stock at 20 per cent. discount. Men's and Boys' Clothing, Overcoats, Odd Pants, Odd Coats, &c.

Now is the time to secure your winter suit, boy's suit or overcoat at 80 cents on the \$.

GOODS ALL MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

BOOTS and SHOES.—Our discount sale in this department has been a marvellous success, and as we intended going out of this line altogether, the discount sale of 20 per cent. will be continued until the entire stock is disposed of. Buy your boots and shoes at the GOLDEN LION and save 20 per cent.

Buy your clothing, overcoats, men's and boy's suits, at the GOLDEN LION and save 20 per cent.

Somerville, McKelvie & Co., GOLDEN LION.

SIGN OF THE

Agitators of Low Prices.

N. B.—Received per express to-day at the Golden Lion, Corduroy, Tweed, Silk and Plush Driving Caps, Fore and After, and Jockey Caps, the newest styles in the market.

Brandon Weekly Mail

THURSDAY, DEC. 27, 1888.

AT LAST

About 11 o'clock on Friday last, the Supreme Court gave judgement in the Manitoba crossing case, and in many respects their finding is a remarkable one. It is a disappointment to some, and will when fully examined be, we fancy, even a surprise to Manitoban Solons who profess to be the saviors of the country. Here it is:

The Supreme court are unanimously of the opinion that the said statute of Manitoba passed in April last in view of the provision of chapter two of the revised statutes of Canada, particularly sections 306 and 307, is valid and effectual so as to confer authority on the railway commissioner in said statute of Manitoba mentioned to construct such a railway as the said Portage extension of the Red River Valley railway, crossing the Canadian Pacific railway. The railway committee first approving of the mode of crossing, and first giving their directions, as the act is mentioned in sections 174, 175, 176 of the said railway act.

We understand it has placed Joe Martin & Co. on full tip top; it will yet be the means of dashing them the more heavily to the ground, in case, in their elation they persevere the more headstrongly in their well known perverseness of spirit. The decision summed up is that the province of Manitoba can under it act construct a line of railway crossing the C. P. R. or any other Federal road, but has not a word on the consequences, and it is in the latter the province has the most concern. The Winnipeg Sun which is so easily set a boiling whenever anything transpires that it considers gives prestige to the local gut party, declares Greenway and Martin have reason to feel proud of the stand they have taken, when in fact the only stand they ever took in connection with this question was one of obstruction and damaging cost to the country. One would imagine from what the Sun says, it is Greenway and Martin who sent this question to the Supreme Court for a decision, when in fact it was under their protest it was sent there by the railway committee of the Ottawa government. If then the decision is of any service to the country it is not Greenway and Martin but Federal government is to be thanked for it. It appears also from the decision, that before Martin and Co. can go any further under their provincial acts they must have the approval of their plans for crossing from the

Ottawa authorities, and what delays may occur before Martin and Co. adopt such plans as the Ottawa authorities can approve of, at this writing we are unable to say. This, however, gives the distinct rebuff to the Manitoba heroes. All last fall their efforts were directed in crossing the C. P. R. before they had even submitted their final plans to the Ottawa authorities, and now the court says the plans must first be approved before the crossing can be made. Here at least we have judges on one side of the question and Martin & Co. on the other. Do the Winnipeg Sun and its Brandon satellite consider this a matly stand also? They are such authorities on manliness in such matters, we would like to hear from them on this question. But here is where the most serious phase of the whole question comes in—in fact the only one light upon which is of any service to the people, and the court's decision, has not a single word upon it. All along Martin contended the general railway act of Canada was ultra vires of the parliament of Canada. Knowing full well that if it was not his hopes and aspirations as to railway building on the bullying principle must come to the ground, and the court's finding has not a word upon it the most vital of all the features of the question. It is of some importance to know that a provincial government can legally pass such acts as the one under which Martin and Co. propose to build their branches though it was unnecessary, to tell the public a crossing could be made, if the plans were first approved of at Ottawa, as we fancy most people know that; but as we have said above the question is what will become of the road when built, if built under Manitoban legislation? This is what Manitobans want most to know. Section 121 of the General Railway act of Canada, after declaring certain roads, the C. P. R. included, to be working for the general advantage of Canada, and says "each and every branch line of railway now or hereafter connecting with or crossing the said lines of railway, or any of them, is a work for the general advantage of Canada. Every such railway and branch line shall hereafter be subject to the legislative authority of the parliament of Canada." There is no mistaking the language of this act, and if it is intra vires of the Parliament of Canada that passed it, and the supreme court has not given an opinion as to whether it is or not, the road will no sooner cross the C. P. R. than it will pass from the

Local Government, according to law, and fall under the legislative control of the Ottawa authorities. Will such a turn of events find material for the Manitoban Grid press to crow over? Will it add any culat to the manly stand taken by Martin and Co.? To sum up the situation is simply this: The supreme court has decided Manitoba legislature can build roads across the C. P. R. if the Manitoba government first furnish plans the Ottawa government can approve of, but not otherwise. If this information is of any value to the province it is the Ottawa authorities and not Martin and Co. the people have to thank for it, as it was the former against the desires of the latter, that sent the case to the Supreme court. Also if the railway act of Canada is intra vires of the parliament of Canada, by it the Manitoban road if built under Manitoban law, will pass under the exclusive control of the Federal authorities. If the Local government have sufficient judgement, and can long enough separate themselves from their extreme partisanship to do it, to secure Federal legislation under which to prosecute their work they may succeed; but if they persevere in their partisan perversity they are now only further in the woods than ever, for after heavier expenditure they may lose control altogether, of their darling project.

Through the kindness of Mr. Robert McLean, of this city, who handed us a copy of the Glasgow Mail, we are enabled to present our readers with evidences of the falsehoods, under the heading of "A Scotchman in Manitoba," that are told by interested and disinterested parties about this country. There is but one effectual way of destroying the effect, in the minds of uninformed and innocent parties, of these wholesale falsehoods, and that is for the press to do its duty and Manitobans, who know the effect of these misrepresentations to scatter these corrections far and wide amongst their acquaintances over their own indorsement. We cannot prevent public liars from maligning this country, but we can so destroy the virus that it will not prejudice the minds of our acquaintances in far off countries, if we only do our duty in this way.

The Winnipeg Sun says:—"Mr. Cliffe says the contract made between the Manitoba government and the Northern Pacific company is not worth the paper it is written on."

Mr. Cliffe never said anything of the kind, and we ask the Sun to prove its assertion or stand convicted as a wilful falsifier. What Mr. Cliffe has said is that if the Supreme Court decided provincial charters were insufficient to enable railroad companies to cross Dominion lines, the Northern Pacific and Manitoba contract would not be worth the paper it was written on. As, however, the Sun is unquestionable authority on these matters, we rise to ask it a few questions. How will it suit Martin and Co., if the general railway act is valid, and on which the Supreme Court Judges have expressed no opinion, and the Federal government, under it, which it provides they have power to do, declares the Portage branch to be a Dominion railway and subject to Dominion control? If, again, Martin and Co. were so sure the Supreme Court decision would be what it is, why did they not submit their plans for crossing to the Railway Committee months before they did, so that the present decision might have been rendered before the province was mulcted in the costs of the special sessions of the House, the injunction suits and the battle of the Axe Helves at Fort Whyte? Please give us prompt answers to these queries.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 18.—Letters found in possession of A. C. Nelson, alias J. M. Lemari, arrested in Col., a few days ago, indicate that he hails from Manitoba, where it is said he resided for a short time about eight weeks ago. Among other documents found in his possession was a card bearing the name of one of the leading hotels in Winnipeg, so that the authorities assert that the man has been operating his nefarious trade over the C. P. R. into Southern Manitoba, and from thence across the lines. Only 73 pounds of opium were found in Nelson's trunks at the Metropolitan hotel in Denver, but it is believed that this is only about a hundredth part of the immense quantities of opium, running up in the thousands of pounds, which he has brought into the States from Canada during the past eighteen months. Nelson, when questioned as to his movements recently, admitted having been in the Northwest only a few weeks ago, but said that he was then in connection with a cattle deal. Opium detectives on the line between Victoria and Winnipeg say that Nelson answers the description of a man who has been seen traveling under somewhat suspicious circumstances over the C. P. R. during the past year. It is charged in official circles that the United States private detective force have been extremely lax in their duties, and hints are thrown out that changes will be made in the force all along the line. Only a few weeks ago one of the leading detectives at the coast was sent down for seven years for

being in league with some of the opium operators, and fears are expressed that other officials are working in other interests than those of the United States government.

OTTAWA, Dec. 19.—There is a prospect of a tremendous row in militia circles over the unguarded utterances at Kingston of Major Mayne, professor of surveying and military topography in the Royal Military college. In addressing students of Queen's college the major declared the present militia force of Canada inefficient, incapable and inadequate, and urged the establishment of a permanent force of 5,000 men. Major Mayne has been asked to explain to General Middleton, who said to-day that this sort of thing must be put a stop to. Adjutant-General Powell and Mayne had acted wrong; a permanent force would cost more than the present system, and besides it was desirable to encourage a patriotic spirit by the volunteer system. The Canadian militia had shown itself equal to emergencies. Major Mayne, who has put his foot in it so deep, is a captain in the regular army, and was appointed to the Canadian college in 1886. His utterances recall the fact that the Marquis of Lorne and General Smith, then commander in chief in Canada, favored establishing a larger permanent corps. It is still thought probable here by high authorities that the permanent force will be created at distant points in British Columbia and Manitoba. The subject will be considered by the military commission now in session.

REGINA, N. W. T., Dec. 19.—This afternoon before Judge Richardson, a spirited argument took place between T. C. Johnston, counsel for George Godin, and Dr. L. Scott, for the United States government. Godin is charged with having murdered John Embury, in Lewis and Clark County, Montana, in September, 1887. He was duly tried for this murder, convicted and sentenced to be hanged. Pending the execution of sentence he escaped, and was passed from one band of Indians to another until he reached Edmonton, in the vicinity of which he located. His whereabouts being finally discovered he was arrested by the mounted police authorities on information of Montana's sheriff, Hathaway, and brought here to await extradition proceedings. Monday last Johnston obtained a rule nisi to show cause why a writ of habeas corpus should not be issued. Argument this afternoon was on Monty's order. Johnston contends that evidence before Judge Richardson was insufficient. Scott argued contrary, that the evidence was quite sufficient. The judge overruled Johnston's objection that the prisoner should have been adjudged under the Canadian law, on the ground that the treaty in that respect only requires that evidence should be such which under Canadian law the prisoner would be similarly amenable. Both counsel quoted authorities in support of their respective grounds. Richardson stated that he would give his decision on the order to-morrow.

THE REBELS ROUTED.

Derisive Engagement at Suakim
Britishers and Egyptians
Victorious.

SUAKIM, Dec. 26.—The British attack upon the Arab lines before Suakim was opened by General Sir Francis Grenfell at 7:30 this morning. It was finished in half an hour, but was a bloody conflict. General Grenfell had 1,000 men under his command. Before dawn this morning the British man-of-war Starling and an Egyptian steamer moved up the coast with orders to cover the rebels at Handoub. At day-break the forts opened fire on the rebel trenches, and the troops advanced to attack the Black brigade on the right flank, and the cavalry and mounted infantry covering them. The Scottish Borders, the Welch regiment and the Egyptian brigade occupied an embankment between the forts, the British infantry being held in reserve. The forts shelled the trenches, keeping up a terrific fire. The rebels held their ground courageously until the Black brigade charged the trenches, which fell after an hour's fighting. The rebels fought with fanatical bravery. Two of the enemy's guns were captured. So complete were the preparations, and so admirably had the forces been arranged for the attack, that when the order was given to charge the men responded with alacrity, and moved forward upon the enemy's works with shouts of exultation. Shoulder to shoulder they reached the redoubts like an irresistible flood. It was

A BRILLIANT CONTEST.

on both sides, and especially was it an inspiring one throughout the brief time it continued. At such close range was the fighting that it was practically a hand to hand fight with bayonets and small arms. It was soon seen, however, that the contest was not an equal one. Despite their brave and steadfast resistance to the first onset of the storming forces, the Arabs began to weaken and fall back, and finally fled in confusion. The cavalry pursued the enemy toward Hasbeen and Tamarush. It is estimated that the enemy's loss is 400. The trenches are filled, and two temporary redoubts are being built. The combined force of British and Egyptian soldiers are entrenched. They will bivouac on the field of battle to night. The naval force with the machine guns are remaining in the trenches. The man-of-war Starling and a available steamers have been sent to a creek off Handoub, to prevent the Arab force from coming upon the army. During the action to day the Derivish were so severely punished that a quiet night is expected. The battle was

A COMPLETE VICTORY.

for the British, the rebels being dislodged from their position. Three Zerebas and a stock of arms were built over the filled trenches and named by the British soldiers. The space between them and the water was occupied by a battalion of Indian soldiers. The Emir of Trukata is a prisoner. He is wounded. Osman Digna's nephew and twelve derivishes have been captured. All are wounded. Serious complaints are being made concerning the quality of the coffee and vegetables furnished to the troops. Several cavalrymen returned with swollen ankles, and in many cases their legs became inflamed and were rendered useless. The naval brigade did splendid work. The enemy are retreating toward Hasbeen and Tamarush.

A BRILLIANT CHARGE.

A prominent feature of the fight to day was the determined rush of the Black regiment of Egyptians upon the Derivishes. The latter fought with fanatical courage dying in the trenches. At one time the Hessars made a brilliant charge, and the Derivishes, dismounting from their horses, planted their spears to receive them. On seeing the Hessars like an avalanche, riding down the Derivish cavalry, half of whom were killed. The Hessars immediately reformed and made a renewed attack upon the remaining Derivishes, who then fled precipitately. A large portion of rebels were absent from to day's fight. They are camping at Handoub and the wells beyond. It is believed that the rebels will be reinforced and will renew the attack soon. The loss to the British was four men killed and two wounded. Two Egyptians were killed and thirty wounded, two of whom were officers.

TOLD BY THE PRISONERS.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—A despatch from Suakim says: The prisoners say they believe that all the mounted gunners were killed. All tell the same story of privation and cruelty at the hands of the Mahdi and Osman Digna. None of them wished to fight, but were forced to do so, or persuaded to fight by promises of loot at Suakim and other rewards. The trenches were bare and they had no food, clothing or money, but only Sudanese rifles and cartridges. The prisoners know nothing of the reported capture of Emin or of the fall of the equatorial provinces. The natives assert that Handoub would fall at the first approach of our troops. The Government ought not to lose this chance, the task is an easy one, as there is not the slightest sign of any gatherings of the local tribes.

THE STANDARD'S ACCOUNT.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—The Standard's Sudan correspondent sends the following particulars of the engagement: At four o'clock this morning the man-of-war Racer opened the battle by shelling the enemy's trenches. The ships on the coast followed suit, and landed parties who lighted fires and placed dummies in positions. This had the effect of deceiving the enemy coming from Handoub. The whole force moved toward the enemy's left flank, with a naval detachment with Minie guns and cavalry and mounted infantry, scouting and protecting the flank and rear. The lines comprising battalions in double companies, rushed towards the left corner of the enemy's trenches. The British infantry and Egyptian reserves lined the embankment between the water forts. Gen. Grenfell and staff occupied a position to the left of the water forts. From five o'clock heavy salvos of guns and mortars from every fort here on

the trenches. The battle was Tel-el-Keber over again, although there was more resistance on the part of the enemy. The superior armament, equipment and discipline of the British troops told the moment they came in contact with the Arabs. The Egyptians fought well and captured all the Arab cannon.

BOUND TO PROTECT EGYPT.

LONDON, Dec. 26.—Salisbury, speaking at Scarborough to-day said: As long as the Khedive desires it, we shall maintain the Red sea ports. We are bound under the promise made by Mr. Gladstone's government to do so. A British statesman's first duty is to prevent foreigners from thinking that every change of government means the changing of our foreign policy. It would be madness to surrender Suakim when we are on the eve of suppressing slavery, because the final struggle with the slave dealers must be fought upon the Red sea. By the treaty of Paris we are bound to uphold the integrity of the Sultan's empire.

Lord Salisbury, speaking at a public meeting this evening, again declared that the government had never had the slightest intention of abandoning Suakim to the Sudanese. Toning down the "Black man" incident, he denied that he had, as Mr. Gladstone asserted, contemptuously denounced the Indian people, the speech was mainly a retrospect of the session. Referring to obstructive tactics in parliament, he said that some way must be found to remedy the evil.

MONTREAL, Dec. 19.—Train service in the province is greatly delayed by the fall of snow. Monday six farmers started from Bonaventure for this city with wagon loads of produce. They had to cross the river on the ice during a storm, and as nothing has been seen of them since their departure from the village it is feared they broke through the ice and were drowned. Two brothers, Hugh and Michael Welch, who arrived exhausted at Carleton last evening, tell a terrible story of suffering. They were attempting to cross with a team to their place from Point Fortune. In the middle of the river the hurricane overtook them, and the ice broke up. The team was swept away and they only escaped death by jumping on a floe. The remainder of the night was spent in terrible agony, drifting on their frail support upon the tempest-tossed river. At daylight the ice floe grounded on an island, and their sad situation being seen, a boat rescued them. Reports of more loss of life and damage are looked for when the telegraph from Quebec says that "the storm, which has been raging since Sunday, rose to a height yesterday, and the wind and snow sweeping the almost deserted streets with blinding violence. All thoroughfares are terribly drifted, communication being cut off between town and country. Farmers in the surrounding country say the roads are almost impassable, and fences and buildings blown down, which will cause enormous damage. It was hard for them to get to their farms to care for their stock.

HOUSEHOLD.

Damon Cake.

One cupful of butter, one of sugar, one of molasses, two eggs, four and one-fourth cupfuls of flour, one tablespoonful of baking powder, one of cinnamon, half a grated nutmeg, one teaspoonful of soda, dissolved in two tablespoonfuls of milk, one cupful of raisins, and one of preserved fruit, cut in fine strips. Beat the butter and cream, then beat in the sugar, molasses and eggs. Have two eggs well beaten and add them. Stir in the soda and flour. Have two pans well buttered, four the cake mixture to the depth of about two inches in each pan. Sprinkle a layer of fruit on it. Cover with a thin layer of the mixture, and add more fruit. Continue this until the butter and fruit is used. Bake two hours in a moderate oven.

Silver Cake.

One cupful of sugar, half a cupful of butter, the whites of three eggs, half a cupful of corn starch, dissolved in nearly half a cupful of milk; one and a fourth cupfuls of flour, half a teaspoonful of cream of tartar, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of soda, and vanilla or almond flavor. Beat the butter to a cream and gradually beat in the sugar. Add the flavor. Mix the flour, cream of tartar and soda together and sift. Beat the whites to a stiff froth. Add the corn starch and milk to the beaten sugar and butter, then add the whites of the eggs and the flour. Mix quickly and thoroughly. Have the butter in sheets and about two inches deep. Bake in a moderate oven for about half an hour. A chocolate frosting is nice with this cake.

Sweetbread Salad.

Put six sweetbreads thoroughly in salted water. Chop them up when cold, and add to a mayonnaise sauce made thus: Take the yolks of four fresh eggs and beat, adding drop by drop enough of the best olive oil to make the quantity of sauce you want. Add a saltspoonful each of mustard and of soft and lemon juice to taste. The sauce, as you continue to beat, will thicken rapidly—seeing the bottom of the dish on ice will thicken it sooner. Beat with a silver fork. Just before serving, wash and dry your lettuce, dress it thoroughly with part of the sauce, and then pour in the centre of the lettuce the sweetbread mixed with sauce. This is delicious.

French Custards.

To make about seven custards, boil one pint of milk with four dessert spoonfuls of sugar. Beat the yolks and whites of two eggs well together, and pour the milk when slightly cool, on to the eggs, and beat well together. Fill seven china custard cups; stand them in a shallow tin of water, or tiring pan, half full, and let them cook until they become solid, taking care to let no water get on the top. When set, take the tin off the fire and put the cups in the oven for the custard to slightly brown. Vanilla or any flavoring can be used; add this last thing. The tin that comes expressly for making custards and other delicate cookery is called a bain marie at the house-furnishing stores.

STRAY HORSE

Came into the enclosure of the undersigned E. J. 16-17-19, about 1st Dec. a grey mare the owner can have her on proving property and paying expenses.

A. KILFOIL,

Brandon, Dec. 12.

IMPERIAL BANK
of Canada.

HEAD OFFICE.....TORONTO.

Capital Paid up.....\$1,500,000
Reserve Fund.....600,000

BRANCHES IN THE NORTHWEST:

Winnipeg, Brandon, Calgary, Portage la Prairie.
Agents in London, Eng., Lloyd's, Barnetts & Bosanquet's Bank, Ltd., 62 Lombard Street.

Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange bought and sold. Deposits received and interest allowed at FOUR PER CENT. per annum until further notice.

Prompt attention paid to collections.

A. JUKES,

Manager Brandon Branch.

G. & D. Cassels'
XMAS
Gifts!

Five Grand Three Story Cakes to be given away Xmas morning at G. & D. Cassels.

Any person spending one or more dollars over our counter from Dec. 1st to Dec. 24th on any line of goods except Bread will have five chances on a handsome Xmas Cake. These cakes must be drawn by five different persons. No one person can draw more than one cake. Every person participating will have their name and number recorded in a book and a ticket with their number put in a sealed box and drawn for on Xmas morning by responsible persons.

WEDDING & XMAS CAKES made to order. A large assortment of Wedding and Xmas Flowers just arrived.

Leave your orders for Xmas Cakes. Send your cakes to be trimmed. We will trim them as good as if we made them.

XMAS CANDIES.

Christie Brown candy and biscuits for sale. The finest cream candies in the city, also children's candy toys, candy walking canes and other suitable candies for Xmas Eve.

XMAS FRUITS.

Japan oranges, Malaga grapes and other assortment of fruits in season.

OYSTERS.

Choice select oysters dished up in all styles, also by quart or gallon, wholesale and retail.

G. & D. Cassels,

ROSSER AVE., between 9th and 10th sts.

IF YOU INTEND TO VISIT IN
ONTARIO, QUEBEC

United States or Europe,

BE SURE TO CALL AT THE OFFICE OF THE

ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLISAND
MANITOBA

RAILWAY.

276 Main Street, Winnipeg.

And secure your Through Tickets VIA ST. VINCENT and have your baggage checked through to destination, and through sleeping-car berths secured.

Lowest Rates! Quickest Time!

Best Accommodation! And

Greater Choice of Routes!

Then offered by any other line. Go through a twin cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul, also through Chicago and other fine American cities, and travel through the finest country in America.

Southern Excursion and Round Trip

Tickets at Very Low Rates.

All first class Ocean Lines Represented

H. G. McMEIKEN,

Agent St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry.

276 Main St., Cor. Portage Ave., Winnipeg.

Take Street Cars direct from Depot to Ticket Office.

25¢ All baggage for Canadian points is checked through without examination at customs.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
From West.	
Winnipeg.....	5:10 P.M.
St. Paul.....	5:30 P.M.
Chicago.....	7:00 P.M.
Detroit.....	7:30 P.M.
Toronto.....	8:00 P.M.
New York.....	9:00 P.M.

FARE.

From Winnipeg to St. Paul.	1st Class.	2nd Class.
St. Paul.....	\$15.00	\$10.00
Chicago.....	20.00	15.00
Detroit.....	25.00	20.00
Toronto.....	30.00	25.00
New York.....	40.00	35.00
To Liverpool or Glasgow.	50.00	45.00

JOHN C. TODD,

Agent, Brandon.

ROSE & CO.,
CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS,

Rosser Avenue Brandon.

A Full Line of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

Patent Medicines.

TOILET ARTICLES, &C

COMPETENT DISPENSER

On Hand Day and Night.

Orders for Brandon Nurseries Night.

SMYTH BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

Stoves and Tinware,

Cutlery, Granite Ware, &c.

Lamps, Chimneys, Wringers,

Coal Machine

Tin and Galvanized Roofing and
Eave-Troughing, Hot Air Furnaces a
Specialty.

Rosser Avenue Brandon.

THOS HARKNESS,
HORSE DEALER.

FEED AND SALE STABLES,

Westbrook & Fairchild's Old Stand, 9th St., Brandon, Man.

HEALTH FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT.

THE PILLS

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the

LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all

Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged

they are precious.

THE OINTMENT

Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It

is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

For Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds.

Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff

joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Thomas Holloway's Establishment,

79, NEW OXFORD STREET, LONDON, E.C.

And are sold at 1s. 4d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 10s., and 20s. each Box or Pot, and may

Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If

the address is not 79, Oxford St., London, they are spurious.

GALBRAITH BROS.

JANESVILLE, WIS.

—Are the Largest Importers of—

BRITISH HORSES

In the world. Have imported three times

the number of first-class prize winning

horses of any firm in the United States, and

have now on hand for actual sale over 220

head of

Chydalsdale, English Shire,

Suffolk Punch, Cleveland Bay

And Hackney Stallions.

Prices moderate, terms easy. Correspondence solicited. Send for catalogue free.

The simple application of Swann's Ointment

without any internal medicine, will cure any case of

Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Piles, Itch, Scald,

Eczema, Erysipelas, Itchy Skin, Freckles, and

all other skin diseases, and in many cases re-

move the tumors. At drug stores, or by mail, for 50

cents. Dr. Swann & Son, Philadelphia.

Special at Brandon.

WE HAVE SEVERAL LINES OF

CHOICE SEASONABLE GOODS

in which our stock is too heavy. To close them out AT ONCE, we have marked them—NOT at cost,—but at a nominal figure—in many cases less than Half Price. These lines are divided into lots numberd as follows:

Lot One :

Eighteen Boy's and Youth's Overcoats, Sizes 28 to 34. Regular Price \$7 to \$8, NOW \$4.90.

Lot Two :

Boy's and Youth's Overcoats, Fancy Tweed Lined, most of them with capes, and all choice goods, worth at least \$6 to \$7.50, for only \$3.90 and \$4.50 each.

Lot Three :

Eighteen Men's Overcoats at \$5, old price \$8.

Lot Four :

About Twelve Ladie's Short Jackets. Former Price \$5.50 to \$6. We offer the balance at \$3.50 each.

We have also an immense stock of

Men's Fur Coats and Ladie's Astrachan Jackets.

We are giving grand value in these goods and we sell only the most reliable makes. Nearly 100 Fur Coats to select from, and prices down to the lowest notch.

Mitts of every kind, Moccasins of every kind. Felt Socks at 50c, worth \$1. Underclothing at \$1 a Suit.

We are determined to sell, and purchasers with the cash should not fail come in and see us.

FRASER'S BIG STORE, Masonic Block, Brandon.

Big Sale of Misses' Jackets, Ulsters and Cloaks.

20 per cent. Discount.

20 per cent. Discount.

We have about 100 Ulsters and Cloaks on hand, which we wish to sell off at once. We give you back 20 per cent. on each Dollar on these for cash only.

\$3.00	Cloaks and Jackets for	\$2.40	\$ 7.00	Cloaks add Jackets for	\$5.60
\$4.00	"	\$3.20	\$ 8.00	"	\$6.40
\$5.00	"	\$4.00	\$10.00	"	\$8.00
\$6.00	"	\$4.80	\$12.00	"	\$9.60

COME IN AND BUY ONE.

We also show Special Value in Ladies' ULSTER CLOTHES and in Clouds, Woollens, Etc.

FRASER'S STORE. MASONIC BLOCK. MANITOBA.

JUST RECEIVED!

A large stock of all kinds
Building Material,
Cedar Shingles, &c.
STORM SASH,
made on shortest notice at lowest prices.
Doors,
Sash,
Mouldings.
TURNUED WORK!
Constantly on hand.

Get our Prices.
Examine our Stock before
ordering elsewhere.

Forbes & Stirrett
10th STREET, BRANDON.

HURRAH BOYS!

The end of Hand-me-Downs,
as you can get it on

Ordered Suit for \$14.50,
ALL WOOL,

From **J. SANDERS**

who is filling orders fully TEN per cent. less than
Rosser prices, and has a Big Stock of Woolens to
choose from, both

Canadian and Imported.

direct from the Mills.

BREECHES A SPECIALTY

CALL AND LOOK THROUGH.

(J. SANDERS,

Merchandise Tailor

13th St. south of the Royal Hotel, Brandon.

NEW LUMBER YARD AT DOUGLASS

All kinds of Lumber and Building Material

for sale by

P. L. MITCHELL.

Agent for the Newcomb Piano and London Life

Ins. Co. - 100 party.

MUNROE & CO. Have Removed

Their Liquor Store from the old store south of the
Central Hotel, to the premises lately occupied by
Smith & Burton.

NINTH STREET,

BETWEEN

Rosser and Pacific Avenues.

They have now full lines of the

Best Brands!

OF

Liquors in Stock,

Selling at the

LOWEST PRICES.

Perfect Fits.

IF YOU WANT A

Cheap & Neat Fitting Suit

Call on

L. STOCKTON,

Next to Dr. Fleming's Drug Store.

Fashionable

Winter

Suits

FROM \$16 UP.

All work guaranteed to give satisfac-

tion. Bring along your cash and

we will make prices suit you.

L. STOCKTON,

Pioneer Tailor.

TO LET.

A dwelling house on 11th street, 2nd door north of

Rosser avenue. Apply at Hughes' Lumber

Office, or to

T. H. PATRICK,

BRANDON, P. Q.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made
to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for
an Act to incorporate the North-Western Junction
and Lake of the Woods Railway Company, with
power to construct a railway from a point in the
Town of West Lynne, Manitoba, hence in a north-
westerly or westerly direction to the town of Por-
tage la Prairie and Brandon, and thence in a
westerly, south-westerly or north-westerly direc-
tion to the limits of the boundary of the Province of
Manitoba, and from West Lynne in an easterly di-
rection to a point at or near Lake of the Woods.

Dated at Ottawa this 13th day of November, 1888.

A. FERGUSON,

Solicitor for applicants.

AVIS.

Avis est donne par le present que demande sera
faite au Parlement du Canada, a sa prochaine ses-
sion, afin d'obtenir un Acte constituant une com-
pagnie la Compagnie de chemin de fer de Jonction
Nord-occidentale et Lac des Bois, avec pouvoir de
construire une voie ferrée partant d'un point dans
la ville de West Lynne, Manitoba, et de la diriger une
direction nord-ouest jusqu'aux villes de Portage la
Prairie et Brandon, et des lignes d'embranchement
suivant deux directions, soit au nord-est ou nord-
ouest jusqu'à la ligne frontière de la Province du
Manitoba, et courant de West Lynne dans une direc-
tion est jusqu'au Lac des Bois ou près de là.

Solliciteurs de requérants.

Dated at Ottawa, ce 13 Novembre, 1888.

NEW BAKERY.

MR. S. SMOOT HAS ESTABLISHED
a new bakery in his premises near Rosser's
store on PACIFIC AVENUE, and is now making
bread, cakes, pies, hams, &c., in the highest style of
the art. He solicits a trial, and solicits a
share of public favors.

S. SMOOT,

Pacific Ave.

MORTGAGE SALE

OF VALUABLE

FARM PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of the powers of sale con-
tained in three certain registered mortgages which
will be produced at the time of sale, there will be
offered for sale by

Public Auction,

by G. F. R. Harris, Inspector for the Mortgagees, at
the **GRAND VIEW HOTEL**, in the CITY of
BRANDON, on

Tuesday Jan. 8th, '89,

at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, all and singular the
following properties in the Province of Manitoba:

1. The North East Quarter of Section Twenty (20),

Township six (6), Range eighteen (18) west of the

principal meridian in said Province.

2. The North East Quarter of Section thirty-four (34),

Township fourteen (14), Range twenty-three (23)

west of the principal meridian in the said pro-
vince.

3. The South East Quarter of Section two (2), in

Township fifteen (15), Range twenty-three (23)

west of the principal meridian.

The properties are well improved.

TERMS OF SALE: Ten per cent. of the purchase

money must be paid at the time of sale.

For further particulars and conditions of sale ap-
ply to

CARRUTHERS & BROCK, Winnipeg.

or to

ATKINS, CULVER & CO.,

Vendors' Solicitors, Winnipeg.

Brandon, December 27th, 1888.

SCALES! SCALES! Notice.



HAY AND STOCK,

also

afford m Scales of all Sizes,

from 400 to 5,000 lbs.

also In-ducements to Elevator and Mill Men.

E. & C. Gurney & Co.,

WINNIPEG.

Office, Cor. Princess and Alexander Streets.

MEDICAL HALL,

Rosser Ave - - Brandon.

Halpin's Sarsaparilla,

For the Blood and Skin Diseases so preva-

lent at this season of the year.

A SURE REMEDY.

Halpin's Hair Promoter

Counteracts the effect of Alkali Water on

the Hair.

HALPIN'S HORSE AND

CATTLE REMEDIES

Give perfect satisfaction.

Physicians' Prescriptions

Prepared Day or Night by Competent Dispen-

sers.

N. J. HALPIN,

CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,

BRANDON, MAN.

SILVERWARE PRIZE

Given by us to purchasers of Tea has doubled
our sales on that commodity.

We have always been noted for

GOOD VALUES IN TEA

and that we should feel flattered is no won-

der.

To ticket holders we would say that the

Drawing Takes Place

Thursday, Jan. 10, '89.

As the time is drawing near intending pur-

chasers must make haste and get their names

in.

Remember it costs NOTHING

If you succeed in getting a prize you will

have a valuable and useful article that repre-

sents no money paid out.

Call at our little

"BEE-HIVE"

Grocery and look at bargains in every thing.

We save you money on the necessities of

life.

BARRETT & CO.

Successors to Hanbury & Co.

Opp. Kelly House. Sixth St.

STRAY CALF.

Came into the premises of the undersigned about

first week November, a spotted calf with red nose.

Owner will please pay expenses and take him home.

THOS. PHILLIPS,

34-35, Brandon.

STROME & WHITELOW,

Up to the 15th of January we will offer hundreds of yards of New, Choice and Seasonable Dress
Goods,

At Astonishing Low Figures.

One lot of (1,500) fifteen hundred yards at (20c) twenty cents per yard, worth from 30 to 40 cents per yard.
Another lot of (1,000) one thousand yards at (30) thirty cents per yard, worth 40 to 50 cents per yard. We are
not continually advertising goods at wholesale cost and under to humbug the public, nor do we need to adver-
tise giving away goods in order to get rid of unsaleable stock. We prefer square, legitimate trading and give
value which cannot be surpassed. These are specials we are throwing out to the public in order to reduce
certain lines before stock taking, and to make room for immense spring purchases. Our fall and winter's trade
up to now has been immense and we are more than satisfied. Trade has been beyond our expectations, and now
for the next 15 days we will offer the above reductions, and also great reductions in all Woollen Goods and
Ladies' Furs. The public are aware when we offer Special Bargains that bargains they will get. The leading House
for value. Headquarters for assortment in all departments.

STROME & WHITELOW. BRAESIDE BLOCK.

P. S.--A counter full of Remnants of all kinds at a sacrifice. Do not pass the leading house for bargains.